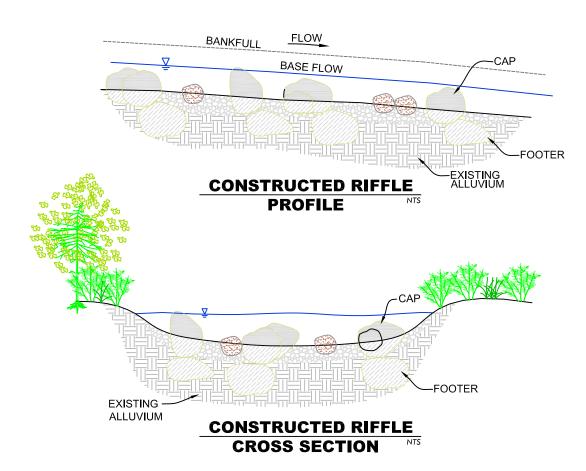


CONSTRUCTED RIFFLE PLAN VIEW



MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

/// / I = // I = // /			
Symbol	Туре	Sieve Designation (in)	Percent Passing (%)
	Medium Boulder	24 -inch	100
	Small - Medium Boulder	18 -inch	80 - 100
	Medium Cobble - Small Boulder	12 -inch	60 - 80
***	Small - Medium Cobble	8 -inch	40 - 60
*	Medium Gravel - Small Cobble	4 -inch	20 - 40
*	Sand - Fine Gravel	<0.5 -inch	0 - 20

DESIGN INTENT

The intent of the riffle channel bed construction is to provide a stable longitudinal bed profile to promote vertical channel stability, as well as to diversify flow paths to enhance fish habitat.

The structure is designed to be natural in appearance. Rock to be used in the structure will be reused from materials on-site or will be imported. Imported rock will be of the same or similar properties of rock found in the project area. The boulder structure will be submerged during elevated discharge, but will be partially exposed during baseflow to moderate flows. The structures will not abruptly affect the water surface profile and will maintain fish passage

CONSTRUCTION NOTES

Within channel alluvium, the footprint of the large rock location will be excavated to the specified depth. A footer rock will be placed at the specified elevation. A cap boulder will be placed on top of the footer rock, positioned slightly upstream of the underlying footer rock. The displaced alluvium will be placed around the base of the cap rock. Footer rocks may be smaller boulders but should be larger than the native bed material and be flat enough to maintain the overlying cap rock.

Notify the owner's representative of any proposed changes prior to implementation. The owner's representative reserves the right to modify structure design specifications during construction, if warranted, due to unforeseen conditions.



EXAMPLE OF A CONSTRUCTED RIFFLE AT BASE FLOW



EXAMPLE OF A CONSTRUCTED RIFFLE AT BASE FLOW

RIFFLE DETAIL

CONSTRUCTED

reek Restoration Project Condon, Montana

PROJECT NUMBER

CONSTRUCTION NOTES

Rock shall be from an approved source and shall be sound, dense (sg=2.65 min) and free from cracks, seams or other defects conducive to accelerated weathering.

Rock shall be equipment placed so that larger rocks are distributed per construction manager and smaller rocks filling in voids. No end dumping of rock will be allowed.

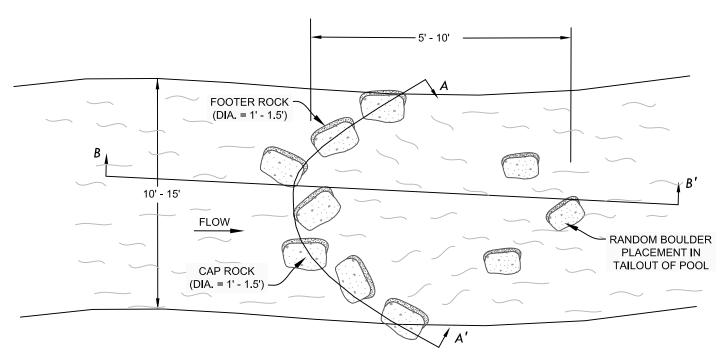
Excavate pool to set footer and pool foundation rocks. Footer rocks are to be placed to minimize voids and maximize rock to rock contact.

Place cap rocks ontop of footers, align as shown in detail. Weir and wing rock shall be placed at a distance

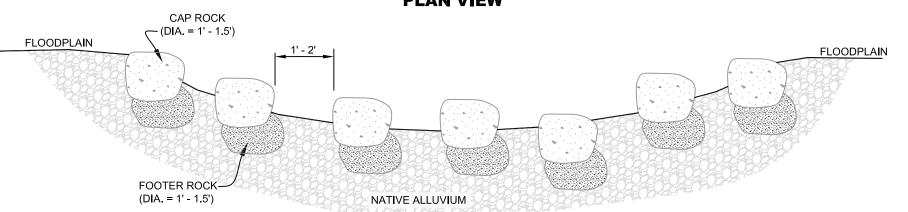
Backfill each pool and fill all gaps and voids of each structure with native gravels and cobble to minimize piping of water through each structure.

Excavate pool according to specified dimensions. Use excavated material for structure backfill or haul to a location specified by construction manager.

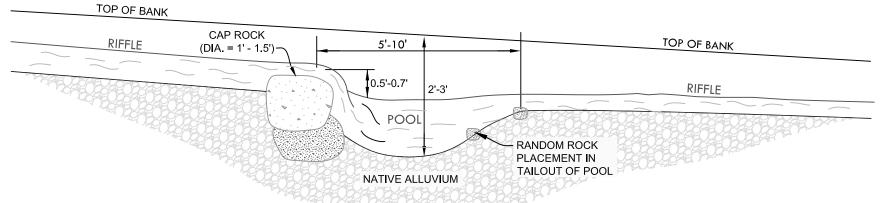
The construction manager has the right to alter or change the design during construction due to unforeseen circumstances.



STEP-POOL HABITAT STRUCTURE **PLAN VIEW**



STEP-POOL HABITAT STRUCTURE A - A'







STRUCTURE reek Restoration Project Condon, Montana STEP-POOL HABITAT

PROJECT NUMBER

RIVER DESIGN GROUP, INC

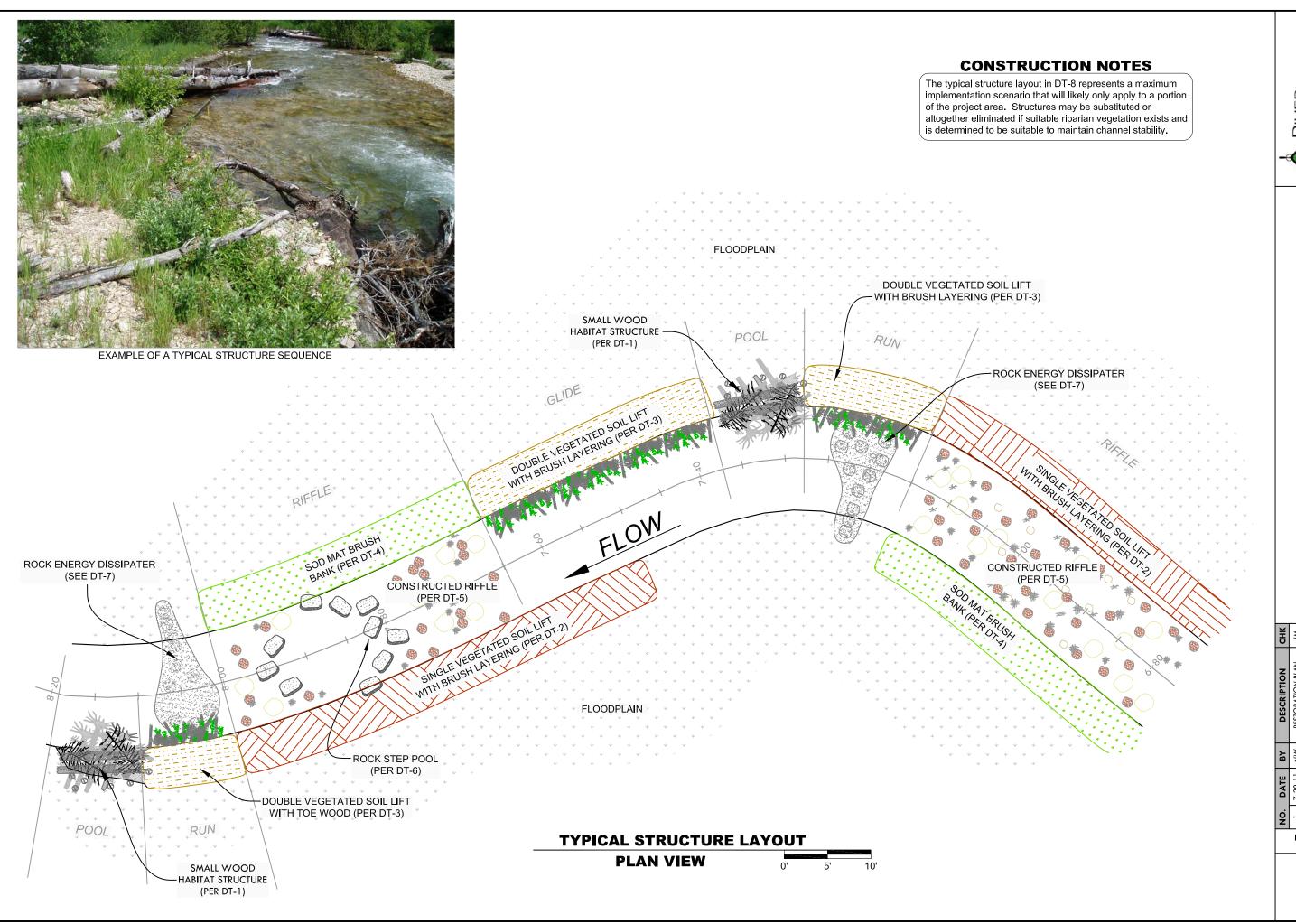
5098 Hwy 93 South Whitefish, MT 59937 1el.406.862.4927 fax.406-862-4963

ROCK ENERGY DISSIPATER
Owl Creek Restoration Project
Condon, Montana

RDG-10-068
SHEET NUMBER

DT-7

NOTE: IF LARGER BOULDERS ARE OBTAINED FOR CONSTRUCTION THAT REACH FOOTER ROCK DEPTH, FOOTERS CAN BE ELIMINATED



RIVER DESIGN GROUP, INC

5098 Hwy 93 South Whitefish, MT 5993 161.406.862.4927

TYPICAL STRUCTURE LAYOUT

Creek Restoration Project Condon, Montana

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RDG-10-068
SHEET NUMBER

DT-8